

**INSTRUCTIONS: ATTEMPT ALL THE QUESTIONS.**

1. In a phreatic aquifer extending over  $1 \text{ km}^2$  the watertable was initially at 25m below ground level. Sometime after irrigation with a depth of 20cm of water, the water table rose to a depth of 24m bgl. Later  $3 \times 10^5 \text{ m}^3$  of water was pumped out and the water table dropped to 26.2 m bgl. Determine i) specific yield of the aquifer ii) deficit in soil moisture (below field capacity) before irrigation.

**Solution**

Volume of water pumped out = Area of aquifer x drop in g.w.t x specific yield

$$\begin{aligned} 3 \times 10^5 &= 10^6 \times 2.2 \times \text{Sy} \\ \text{Sy} &= \mathbf{0.136 \text{ or } 13.6\%} \end{aligned}$$

Volume of irrigation water recharging the aquifer = Area of aquifer x rise in g.w.t x Sy  
Considering an area of  $1 \text{ m}^2$  of aquifer

$$1 \times y = 1 \times 1 \times 0.136$$

Recharge volume in terms of depth (y) = 0.136 m or 136 mm

Soil moisture deficit before irrigation =  $200 - 136 = \mathbf{64 \text{ mm}}$

2. In an area of 100 ha, the water table dropped by 4.5m. if the porosity is 30% and the specific retention is 10% determine i) the specific yield of the aquifer ii) change in groundwater storage.

**Solution**

Porosity =  $\text{Sy} + \text{Sr}$

$$30\% = \text{Sy} + 10\%$$

$$\text{Sy} = 20\% \text{ or } 0.2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Change in groundwater storage} &= \text{area of aquifer} \times \text{drop in gwt} \times \text{Sy} \\ &= 100 \times 4.5 \times 0.2 \\ &= \mathbf{90 \text{ ha-m or } 90 \times 10^4 \text{ m}^3} \end{aligned}$$