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Session 11

C-EDUC5 (3 units) ASSESSMENT in Learning 1

Fall Semester 2023



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Engineering the Test: The Table of Specifications (TOS)

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Looking back...

Characteristics of a Valid Assessment Tool



- The test tool is able to consistently and accurately measure its intended construct.



**Looking
back...**

**Characteristics
of a Valid
Assessment
Tool**

Types of Test Validity

Content Validity

**Subject Matter and
Lesson Objectives**

Construct Validity

**Performance
indicators**

Criterion-Related Validity

**Learning Standards
and Desired
Outcomes**

Face Validity

**Physical, visual, and mechanical
soundness of the test**



**Looking
back...**

**SESSION 10
CONCLUSION**

The test item is valid when the content is based on the learning outcome being assessed and is proven to measure the learning skill intended in its construction. Besides the content and construct validity, the entire test's physical features and language proficiency make face validity equally essential.



**Springboard
question to
ponder**



Image 1: Grade school students in the Philippines are lagging behind counterparts in Southeast Asia in reading, math and writing, a study showed (Source: De Guzman, 2020: Online)



Session 11

Engineering the Test: The Table of Specifications

OBJECTIVES

1. To consider the teaching-learning principles in planning for the test
2. To configure the teaching-learning elements into a table of specifications of a summative test



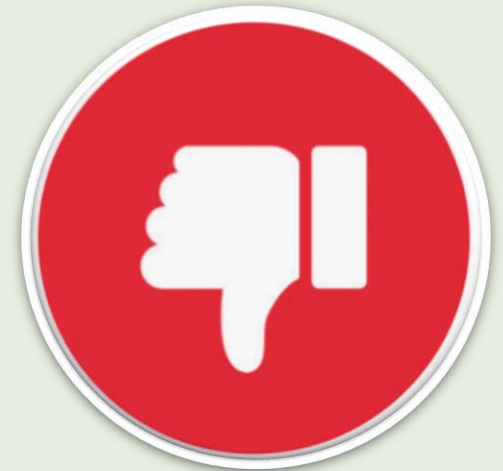
Topic 1

Principles of Planning Assessment

**Let's assess
our background
beliefs...**



or





Topic 1

Principles of Planning Assessment



1. A good test is based on the objectives or content areas of the lessons.



2. The number of test items per topic corresponds to the time consumed in class.



3. An efficient test should be very difficult to challenge the students.



Topic 1

Principles of Planning Assessment



4. Items across topics covered should be randomly placed in the test paper of the same test type.



5. Subjective type of tests are planned separately from the objective part of a summative examination.

The Table of Specifications (TOS)

Lesson objectives or competencies

Duration and coverage of instruction

Skills to be assessed

The type of test

Instrument design



Topic 1

Principles of Planning Assessment



Topic 1

Principles of Planning Assessment

Lesson objectives or competencies

Lesson objectives, learning outcomes, or competencies are the bases of instruction and assessment.



Topic 1

Principles of Planning Assessment

Duration and coverage of instruction

For fairness and balance, the number of items or the credit score in a test is based on the duration of the teaching-learning experiences.



Topic 1

Principles of Planning Assessment

Skills to be assessed

Test design is according to the various skills measured for the particular learning outcome



Topic 1

Principles of Planning Assessment

The type of test

The type of test is based on how students are evaluated and how they should demonstrate their learning.



Topic 1

Principles of Planning Assessment

Instrument design

The design covers the types and layout and how the items are arranged.



Topic 2

**Applying the
Principles of
Assessment
Planning**

**The Table of
Specifications**

1

A good test is based on the objectives or content areas of the lessons.

Learning Outcome: Discuss the processes involved in the water cycle

LIST OF TOPICS COVERED

Water heating and cooling
Three Major Processes
By-products of water cycle
Weather implications
Humans and the water cycle



Topic 2

Applying the Principles of Assessment Planning

The Table of Specifications

2

The number of test items per topic corresponds to the time consumed in class.

TOPIC	No. of hours	%	No. of Items
Water heating and cooling			
Three Major Processes			
By-products of water cycle			
Weather implications			
Humans and the water cycle			
TOTAL			



Topic 2

Applying the Principles of Assessment Planning

The Table of Specifications

2

The number of test items per topic corresponds to the time consumed in class.

TOPIC	No. of hours	%	No. of Items
Water heating and cooling			
Thermodynamics			
By the way			
Water cycle			
Humans and the water cycle			
TOTAL			

$$\% = \frac{\text{No. of Hours per topic}}{\text{Total No. of Hours}} \times 100$$



Topic 2

Applying the Principles of Assessment Planning

The Table of Specifications

2

The number of test items per topic corresponds to the time consumed in class.

TOPIC	No. of hours	%	No. of Items
Water heating and cooling	3	16.7	5
Three Major Processes	4.5	25.0	10
By-products of water cycle	1.5	8.3	3
Weather implications	3	16.7	5
Humans and the water cycle	6	33.3	7
TOTAL	18	100	30



Topic 2

The Table of Specifications

All Multiple-Choice Type

3

An efficient test should be challenging enough for students to think critically.

TOPIC	No. of Items	Item Placement				
		REM	UND	APP	ANA	EVA
1	5					
2	10					
3	3					
4	5					
5	7					
TOTAL	30	2	3	5	10	10

Lower order : Higher order

40%	60%
30%	70%
20%	80%

4

Items across topics covered should be randomly placed in the test paper.

TOPIC	No. of Items	Item Placement				
		REM	UND	APP	ANA	EVA
1	5	1		13		9,28,29
2	10	8	2	12,14	15,16,17	25,26,27
3	3			3	30	18
4	5				4,19,20	10, 11
5	7		7, 21	6	22,23,24	5
TOTAL	30	2	3	5	10	10

Topic 2

The Table of Specifications

All Multiple-Choice Type



Topic 2

The Table of Specifications

All Multiple-Choice Type

4

Items across topics covered should be randomly placed in the test paper.

Item No. 1: Remembering

Topic 1: Water Heating and Cooling

1. What process is responsible for the evaporation of water in the water cycle?
 - A. Cooling
 - B. Falling
 - C. Heating
 - D. Melting



Topic 2

The Table of Specifications

All Multiple-Choice Type

4

Items across topics covered should be randomly placed in the test paper.

Item No. 2: Understanding

Topic 2: Three Major Processes

2. What takes place when clouds form because the water vapor and dust particles in the air cool down and stick together?

A. Condensation

B. Evaporation

C. Precipitation

D. Sublimation



Topic 2

The Table of Specifications

All Multiple-Choice Type

4

Items across topics covered should be randomly placed in the test paper.

Item No. 3: Applying

Topic 3: By-products of Water Cycle

3. In what time of the day does fog usually form during a very humid mixing of cold and warm air?
- A. Early evening
 - B. Early morning**
 - C. Late afternoon
 - D. Late in the night



Topic 2

The Table of Specifications

All Multiple-Choice Type

4

Items across topics covered should be randomly placed in the test paper.

Item No. 4: Analyzing

Topic 4: Weather Implications

4. How do sea breezes form?

- A. Cool air over the sea pushes warm air over the land
- B. Cool air over the land pushes warm air over the sea
- C. Warm air over the sea pushes cool air over the land
- D. Warm air over the land pushes cool air over the sea



Topic 2

The Table of Specifications

All Multiple-Choice Type

4

Items across topics covered should be randomly placed in the test paper.

Item No. 5: Evaluating

Topic 5: Humans and the Water Cycle

5. Acid rain is produced when air pollutants react with cloud waters. Once the rain falls, this will be extremely harmful to us. How can you help prevent acid rain formation?
- A. Burn only organic waste.
 - B. Use an umbrella or raincoat.
 - C. Avoid exposing self to the rain.
 - D. Reduce or avoid burning garbage.

5

All test types in the assessment tool are organized in one plan.



Topic 2

Applying the Principles of Assessment Planning

The Table of Specifications

Table of Specifications of the Summative Test in Math 6

Learning Content	No. of Hours	%	No. of Items	Type of Test and Placement
Numeration Systems	3	12.5	6	MC: 1, 5, 6, 16, 18, 24
Whole Number Concepts	6	25	13	MC: 2, 7, 8 PP: 41 – 50
Ordinal Numbers	2	8	3	MC: 4, 9, 17
Place Values with Rounding Off	6	25	15	MC: 3, 10, 11, 12, 21 PS: 31 – 40
Units of Measurement	4	17	8	MC: 13, 19, 22 CN: 26 – 30
Estimation	3	12.5	5	MC: 14, 15, 20, 23, 25
Total	24	100	50	

MC – Multiple-Choice

CN – Conversion

PS – Problem-Solving

PP – Problem-Posing



Topic 2

**Applying the
Principles of
Assessment
Planning**

**The Table of
Specifications**

TYPES OF TOS

ONE-WAY

TWO-WAY



Topic 2

Applying the Principles of Assessment Planning

The Table of Specifications

TYPES OF TOS

One-Way TOS

This type of TOS is usually done in planning formative and short assessments. Only four of the five elements of the assessment plan are exhibited. The learning skills to be tested are not specified in the one-way TOS



Topic 2

TYPES OF TOS

The Table of Specifications

One-Way TOS

Table of Specifications of the Formative Test in Math 6

Learning Content	No. of Hours	%	No. of Items	Type of Test and Placement
Place Values of Whole Numbers	3	50	10	Identification 1-10
Rounding Off Numbers	3	50	10	Computation 11-20
Total	6	100	20	



Topic 2

Applying the Principles of Assessment Planning

The Table of Specifications

TYPES OF TOS

Two-Way TOS

This type is more recommended or required in most schools because it is complete with all the elements of the assessment plan. The two-way TOS shows how test items are placed in the instrument and the learning skills they measure.



Topic 2

TYPES OF TOS

The Table of Specifications

Two-Way TOS

Table of Specifications of the Summative Test in Math 6

Learning Content	No. of Hours	%	No. of Items	Item Placement Across Skills					
				Remembering	Understanding	Applying	Analyzing	Evaluating	Creating
Numeration Systems	3	12.5	6	MC: 1	MC: 5,6	MC: 16	MC: 18	MC 24	
Whole Number Concepts	6	25	13	MC: 2		MC: 8	MC: 7		PP: 41-50
Ordinal Numbers	2	8	3	MC: 4	MC: 9	MC: 17			
Place Values with Rounding Off	6	25	15		MC: 3	MC: 10,11	MC: 12, 21	PS: 31-40	
Units of Measurement	4	17	8	MC: 13		MC:19	MC: 22 CN: 26-30		
Estimation	3	12.5	5	MC: 14	MC: 15		MC: 20, 23	MC: 25	
Total	24	100	50	5	5	6	12	12	10

MC – Multiple-Choice

CN – Conversion

PS – Problem-Solving

PP – Problem-Posing



Session 11

Engineering the Test: The Table of Specifications CONCLUSION

The Table of Specifications (TOS) is the blueprint of the assessment instrument to be crafted. It ensures the validity and quality of the planned test, which indicates the learning content and skills to be assessed and how they are assessed.



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Engineering the Test: The Table of Specifications

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